

## **1-04. Width, height, and length of vehicles**

### **A. Legal Width**

- 1) Eight feet six inches on all highways
- 2) Exceptions
  - a. Construction and building contractors' equipment and vehicles used to move such equipment which does not exceed 10 feet in width when being moved by contractors or resident carriers.
  - b. Implements of husbandry being moved by resident farmers, ranchers, dealers, or manufacturers between sunrise and sunset. Night time travel is allowed provided the implements are properly lighted.

### **B. Legal Height**

- 1) Fourteen feet, whether loaded or unloaded, unless routes of travel include structures such as bridges and underpasses that are not 14 feet in height. Adequate clearance of all structures must be verified prior to moving any vehicle or equipment under any bridge or underpass.
- 2) Exceptions.

Implements of husbandry may not exceed 15 feet six inches in height when being moved by resident farmers, ranchers, dealers, or manufacturers between sunrise and sunset. Night time travel is allowed provided the implements are properly lighted.

### **C. Legal Length**

- 1) A single unit vehicle with two or more axles, including the load thereon, shall not exceed a length of 50 feet.
- 2) A combination of two, three, or four units, including the load thereon, may not exceed 110 feet in length when traveling on county highways.
- 3) The length of a trailer or semi-trailer, including the load thereon, may not exceed 53 feet.
- 4) Towing converter dollies.
  - a. Converter dollies that are used to convert semi-trailers to trailers are considered trailers if they meet all lighting requirements and are equipped with brakes and safety chains.
  - b. No more than one converter dolly can be towed behind a truck-tractor, semi-trailer, and trailer; and no more than two converter dollies can be towed behind a truck-tractor and semi-trailer.